Intellectual Disability Database Bulletin 2017



CHO Area 6: Wicklow, Dun Laoghaire, Dublin South East

Research. Evidence. Action.

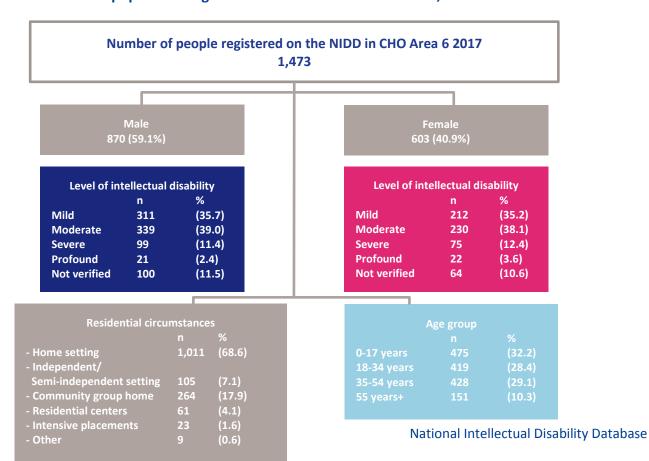
Demographic profile

There were 1,473 people registered on the National Intellectual Disability Database (NIDD) in CHO Area 6 in December 2017. Approximately one third (475, 32.2%) of the persons in CHO Area 6 were aged less than 18 years, 419 (28.4%) were aged between 18 and 34 years, 428 (29.1%) were aged between 35 and 54 years and 151 (10.3%) were aged 55 years and over (Figure 1). The implications of Ireland's ageing population profile of people with intellectual disabilities are discussed in the annual report of the National Intellectual Disability Database Committee 2017.

Just over half of those registered, 786 people (53.4%), were in the moderate, severe, or profound range of intellectual disability. A further 523 individuals (35.5%) were classified as having a mild intellectual disability, and 164 individuals (11.1%) had not had their level of intellectual disability established.

In addition to the 1,473 registrations described above, the NIDD also contains records relating to 31 individuals of average ability and 47 individuals with a borderline intellectual disability; however these individuals were not included in this analysis.

Figure 1 Profile of the population registered on the NIDD in CHO Area 6, NIDD 2017



Living arrangements in 2017

- 1,011 individuals (68.6%) lived at home with parents, relatives or foster parents.
- 264 individuals (17.9%) lived in community group homes.
- 105 individuals (7.1%) lived independently or semi-independently.
- 61 individuals (4.1%) lived in residential centres.
- 23 individuals (1.6%) lived in intensive placements.
- 9 individuals (0.6%)lived in other residential services.

Service Provision in 2017

Table 1 summarises service provision within CHO Area 6 and displays the equivalent national figures. In 2017 within CHO Area 6 there were:

 1,472 people with intellectual disability receiving services, which represents 99.9% of the total population registered within CHO Area 6.

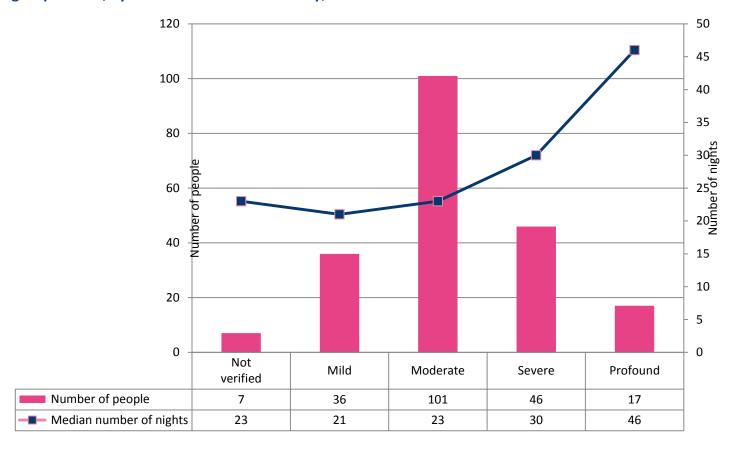
Table 1 Summary of service provision in CHO Area 6, NIDD 2017								
	CHO Area 6		National					
	n	%	n	%				
Attending services on a day basis	1,114	76.0	20,404	71.9				
Receiving 5-or 7-day residential services	357	24.0	7,391	26.0				
Resident in a psychiatric hospital	0	0.0	139	0.5				
Receiving residential support services only	~	~	24	0.1				
Receiving no service-on waiting list	~	~	259	0.9				
No identified service requirements	0	0.0	171	0.6				
Total	1,473	100	28,388	100				

To protect against the indirect identification of individuals, values in cells containing less than 5 cases have been supressed and denoted with the symbol ~

Day services were provided to 1,469 individuals in 2017. The most common day service types were activation centres (443 individuals, 30.2%), special schools (304 individuals, 20.7%), and outreach programmes (125 individuals, 8.5%). A total of 1,031 (70.0%) of the 1,473 individuals registered in CHO Area 6 availed of multidisciplinary support services such as speech and language and psychology.

Figure 2 shows the relationship between level of disability and the median number of respite nights received in 2017. In total 6,652 respite nights were provided to 207 individuals by CHO Area 6 in 2017. As might be expected, people with moderate/severe/profound levels of intellectual disability received on average more respite nights than those with a mild or moderate level of intellectual disability.

Figure 2 CHO Area 6: Number of people in receipt of respite nights and median number of respite nights provided, by level of intellectual disability, NIDD 2017



Service needs 2018-2022

Summary of unmet need

The term 'unmet need' refers to a range of situations: individuals who are not receiving any service; those who are without a major service type such as a full-time residential service or a day service; and those who are without required residential support services. The number of new full-time residential, day, and residential support service places required, within

CHO Area 6 and nationally, to meet the needs of those who were without a service in 2017 is shown in Table 2. Almost all of these places are required immediately. It should be noted that the number of new day places required does not include individuals who require their day place to be changed or enhanced, for example, those who are leaving education and require a training or employment service. This service need is considered separately below.

Table 2	Number of new places required to meet	ces required to meet need in CHO Area 6 2		2018-2022, NIDD 2017		
				CHO Area 6		

	CHO Area 6	National	National
Full-time residential	118	2,179	5.4
Day	0	185	0.0
Residential support	99	2,365	4.2

Summary of service change requirements

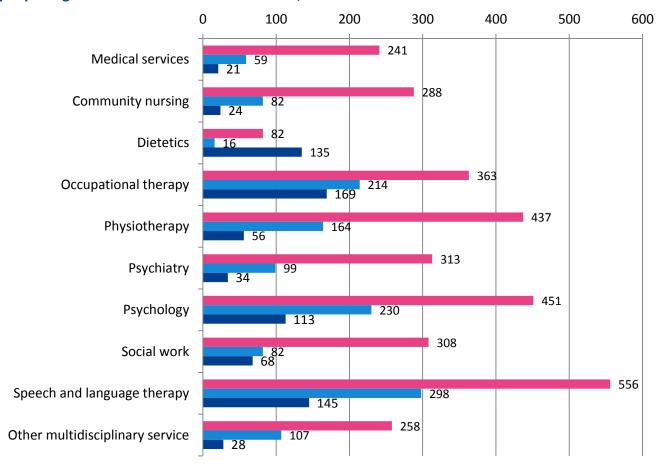
Of the 1,473 people who received services in CHO Area 6 in 2017, 399 people have recorded a requirement for a change or enhancement to their existing service in the period 2018-2022. To address this demand, 362 day places (of which 124 are healthfunded), 35 full-time residential places, and 54 residential support places will need to be changed or enhanced. The number of changes required (451) exceeds the number of people (399) as some individuals require changes to more than one type of service.

Multidisciplinary support services

The multidisciplinary support services for which there is the greatest need in the period 2018 to 2022 are (Figure 3):

- Speech and language therapy 145 people require this service for the first time and 298 require an enhanced service.
- Occupational therapy 169 people require this service for the first time and 214 people require an enhanced service.

Figure 3 Multidisciplinary support services received in 2017and required in the period 2018-2022, by people registered on the NIDD in CHO Area 6, NIDD 2017



- Currently receiving this input
- Enhancement of service required 2018-2022 for those currently receiving this input
- New services required 2018-2022 for those not receiving this input

